

How can you identify if you have myopia?+

- 1 Do you have to squint your eyes to see faraway objects more clearly?
- 2 Do you need to get really close to things to see them clearly?
- 3 Is it hard to see the front of your classroom?
- 4 When playing sports, is it difficult to see target at a distance?
- 5 After a long day of classes do you often have headaches?

If you experience one or more of the above, you might have myopia. +



Tell your parents or teachers if you notice any of these signs, they're here to help!

Action beyond Essilor® Stellest® lenses:



Increase child's outdoor time up to at least two hours a day.⁵



Use the 20/20/20 rule (every 20 minutes, focus on an object 20 feet away for at least 20 seconds).

HELP SLOW THE PROGRESSION OF YOUR CHILD'S NEARSIGHTEDNESS WITH FDA MARKET AUTHORIZED ESSILOR® STELLEST® SPECTACLE LENSES*¹

1. Essilor International, data on file (2025).
2. Filcroff DJ, et al. IMI - Defining and classifying myopia: A proposed set of standards for clinical and epidemiologic studies. Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci. 2019;60(3):M20-M30. doi:10.1167/jovs.18-25957.
3. Holden BA, et al. Global Prevalence of Myopia and High Myopia and Temporal Trends from 2000 through 2050. Ophthalmology. 2016;125:1036-42.
4. Bullimore MA, Lee SSY, Schmid KL, Rozema JJ, Leveziel N, Mollen EAH, et al. IMI—Onset and Progression of Myopia in Young Adults. Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci. 2023 May 1;64(6):2.
5. Xiong S et al. Time spent in outdoor activities in relation to myopia prevention and control: a meta-analysis and systematic review. Acta ophthalmologica. 2017 Sep;95(6):551-66.



Stellest®

FDA
Market
Authorization
Granted



Essilor® Stellest® lenses slowed myopia progression by 71% on average over 2 years*¹

*Compared to single vision lenses. Results from a prospective, randomized, double-masked, multicenter U.S. clinical trial in myopic children aged 6-12 years at initiation of treatment.



Myopia or nearsightedness, is a vision condition where distant objects appear blurred, while close objects are seen clearly.²

The prevalence of myopia is increasing, especially among children.³

MYOPIA IS A LIFELONG CONDITION AND ITS PROGRESSION CAN CONTINUE INTO (YOUNG) ADULthood.⁴

DON'T JUST CORRECT MYOPIA WITH SINGLE VISION LENSES. CHOOSE TO SLOW ITS PROGRESSION.

Essilor® Stellest® lenses
Clinically proven to slow myopia progression in children.*1

Correct Myopia

Slow Myopia Progression

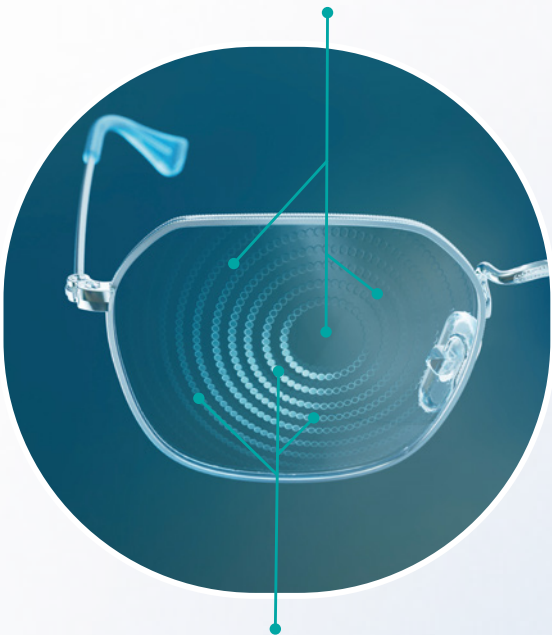
71% myopia progression slowdown on average*1

An easy to use and proven*1 way to help manage your child's nearsightedness

Recommended wearing time for Essilor® Stellest® lenses: at least 10 hours per day, at least 6 days per week

*Compared to single vision lenses. Results from a prospective, randomized, double-masked, multicenter U.S. clinical trial in myopic children aged 6-12 years at initiation of treatment.

CORRECT MYOPIA WITH SINGLE VISION ZONE TO ENSURE SHARP VISION.



SLOW MYOPIA PROGRESSION VIA H.A.L.T.* TECHNOLOGY, A CONSTELLATION OF INVISIBLE† LENSLETS.

The light rays pass through the lenslets, creating a volume of myopic defocus in front of the retina that follows its shape, which acts as a signal to slow myopia progression.

*H.A.L.T.: Highly Aspherical Lenslet Target and does not imply a "halt" or "stop" of myopia progression.
†Aesthetic finish.

Don't wait, choose Essilor® Stellest® lenses for your child today!



Consult your eye care professional for more information.

HELP SOLVE SKYLER'S VISION PROBLEM!

Our space adventurer Skyler (on the right) is having some trouble!!!
He is myopic!

We need your help to solve Skyler's vision problem!

Can you help him spot the differences in these two pictures?



Ask your parents to scan the QR Code and visit our Instagram highlight, "Stellest Game" to find all the answers!

